

Pupils in GCSE Computer Science in year 9 have two (1 hour) lessons each week.

Term	Topic/Subject	Assessment Objectives	Knowledge Acquisition	Skill building & intent	Wider reading	Assessment Task	SEND & PP
					opportunities, including numeracy & SMSC.		
Aut 1	Course Introduction	Pupils are introduced to the OCR computer science GCSE course, and Google Classroom delivery model.	Learn how to use the online Google Classroom resources.	Learn how to access all resources through Classroom.	Resources are introduced, and demonstrated to pupils visually.	n/a	Additional support to be provided where required for both SEND & PP pupils to help access resources.
	Transition	 Able to identify emerging technologies Able to use cornell note taking method for theory topics Able to research key terminology Able to recap core principles of Python coding Able to identify key equipment in home networks. Able to understand how to use logic gates & truth tables. Able to convert denary/binary numbers, and add binary numbers together. Able to understand different input/output/storage devices. Able to use decomposition to break down larger programming problems. 	Pupils are introduced to the key elements of the computer science course through a series of short, focussed research & practical activities.	Pupils will learn key elements of the computer science course, through completing an introduction transition workbook during Autumn 1. Throughout this workbook, various elements are introduced, relevant to specification theory requirements, and practical coding tasks using Python.	Resources are introduced, and demonstrated to pupils visually initially, then pupils begin to develop individual skills supported by framework of tasks delivered over Google Classroom. Keywords: networks, binary, input, output, storage, decomposition.	Assessed through continual assessment techniques during lessons	Additional support to be provided where required for both SEND & PP pupils to help access resources.



Aut 2	1.1 Systems Architecture	 Understand what the CPU of a compute does. Know what the registers in a CPU are. Know the stages of the fetch, execute cycle. Know what the registers in a CPU are. Know the stages of the fetch, execute cycle. Describe the Von Neumann architecture. Know the compone of the Von Neumann architecture. Know what factors affect the speed of CPU. Know the stages of the fetch, execute cycle. Know what is mea by the term: 'embedded syster Know several examples of embedded system 	concepts of systems architecture, including role of cpu, Von Neumann architecture, and fetch, process, execute cycle.	Pupils learn how to use the Google Classroom teaching resources. Theory topics are introduced during each lesson through video based resources, supported by google slide presentations. Pupils use flip learning & cornell note taking methods to complete a series of online workbook based tasks. All resources are accessible at home, and are supported through 'CraignDave' Smart Revise platform of self quizzing.	A combination of visual & google classroom based resources are used, and all are delivered to pupils in lesson time. Pupils can access all resources, and SmartRevise revision platform is used throughout. Key questions: What is the "architecture" of a CPU? What factors affect the CPU performance? What are embedded systems, and what are their characteristics?	Smart Revise assessment evidence is used to track progress from start to end of topic. End of topic written test is also completed.	Additional support to be provided where required for both SEND & PP pupils to help access resources.
	Python programmin g introduction	 Understand how to output text strings Understand how to input strings & numbers Understand how to use different string manipulation functions. 	python coding skills learn to date.	Pupils build on core python programming & coding skills already covered in year 8 IT, & transition workbook activities.	A combination of tutorial video, and google slides based resources are used, together with demonstrations outlining core coding concepts.	Pupils complete a range of different coding challenges, covering core concepts.	Additional support to be provided where required for both SEND & PP pupils to help access resources.



Spr 1	1.2 Memory & Storage	 Understand the need for primary storage Know the difference between RAM and ROM. Know the purpose of ROM in a computer system. Know the purpose of RAM in a computer system. Understand the need for virtual memory. Understand the need for secondary storage. Know the common types of storage. Know the characteristics of storage devices. Understand the suitability of storage devices for given applications. Understand the advantages and disadvantages of devices based on their characteristics. 	Pupils learn key concepts of memory & storage, including purpose of RAM & ROM, virtual memory, secondary memory, and characteristics & uses of different storage devices.	Pupils to continue to use the Google Classroom teaching resources for this topic. Theory topics are introduced during each lesson through video based resources, supported by google slide presentations. Pupils use flip learning & cornell note taking methods to complete a series of online workbook based tasks. All resources are accessible at home, and are supported through 'CraignDave' Smart Revise platform of self quizzing.	A combination of visual & google classroom based resources are used, and all are delivered to pupils in lesson time. Pupils can access all resources, and SmartRevise revision platform is used throughout. Key questions: Why do computers have primary storage? How does virtual memory work? Why do computers have secondary storage? What are the differences between secondary storage devices?	Smart Revise assessment evidence is used to track progress from start to end of topic. End of topic written test is also completed.	Additional support to be provided where required for both SEND & PP pupils to help access resources.
	Python programmin g introduction	 Understand how to use selection statements. Understand how to use arithmetic operators Understand how to use counter controlled iterations Understand how to use condition controlled iterations 	Pupils continue to build on core python coding skills.	Pupils build on core python programming & coding skills already covered in year 8 IT, & transition workbook activities.	A combination of tutorial video, and google slides based resources are used, together with demonstrations outlining core coding concepts.	Pupils complete a range of different coding challenges, covering core concepts.	Additional support to be provided where required for both SEND & PP pupils to help access resources.



Spr 2	1.2 Memory	•	Understand what is	Pupils learn key	Pupils to continue to use the		A combination of visual	Smart Revise	Additional support to
	& Storage cont.		meant by the terms bit, nibble, byte,	concepts of memory & storage, including units	Google Classroom teaching resources for this topic. Theory		& google classroom based resources are	assessment evidence is used to track	be provided where required for both
	55		kilobyte, megabyte,	of data, storage	topics are introduced during		used, and all are	progress from start to	SEND & PP pupils to
			gigabyte, terabyte and	capacity,	each lesson through video	d	delivered to pupils in	end of topic.	help access
			petabyte.	binary/denary/hexadeci	based resources, supported by	le	esson time. Pupils can	End of topic written	resources.
			Know how to	mal, addition &	google slide presentations.		access all resources,	test is also	
		ľ	represent the capacity	conversion, character	Pupils use flip learning &		and SmartRevise	completed.	
			of data storage using	sets, how data is used	cornell note taking methods to		revision platform is		
			these units, and be	to represent images &	complete a series of online	ا ا	used throughout.		
			able to convert	sound, and	workbook based tasks. All	۱,	You augations:		
			between them.	compression methods.	resources are accessible at home, and are supported	l, r	Key questions: Why is data stored in		
			Understand that data		through 'CraignDave' Smart		binary?		
		ľ	needs to be converted		Revise platform of self		How do you calculate		
			into a binary format to		quizzing.	ľ	data capacity?		
			be processed by a		1 3	•	What can happen to		
			computer.				the most significant		
			Know what data				bit when you add two		
			capacity means.				binary numbers		
		•	Understand how to				together?		
			calculate data			•	What actions can an		
			capacity				ALU perform? What is the		
			requirements.			ľ	relationship between		
		•	Know how to convert				denary, binary and		
			positive denary whole				hexadecimal?		
			numbers (0–255) into			•	How do computers		
			8 bit binary numbers				store and use		
			and vice versa.				numbers?		
		•	Know how to add two			•	How does a		
			8 bit binary integers.				computer store characters and what		
		•	Know how to perform				are the implications		
			a left and right binary				for the number of bits		
		I.	shift.				used?		
		•	Understand what			•	How does a		
			binary shift achieves. Know how to convert				computer store		
			positive denary whole				graphics and what		
			numbers (0–255) into				are the implications		
			2 digit hexadecimal				for image size and resolution?		
			numbers and vice			•	How do computers		
			versa.				store sound and what		
		•	Know how to convert				are the implications		
			from binary to				for sample rate,		
			hexadecimal				duration and bit		
			equivalents and vice				depth?		
			versa.						
					l			<u> </u>	

1	T		
Understand that all	•	Where is	
data must be		compression used	
represented in binary		and why?	
numbers, including		• What are the effects	
text.		on a file for each type	
Know what is meant		of compression?	
by the term "character			
set".			
Understand the			
relationship between			
the number of bits in			
the character set and			
the number of			
characters that can be			
represented.			
Know two common			
character sets: ASCII			
and Unicode.			
1			
Understand how an			
image is represented			
as a series of pixels			
represented in binary.			
Know what is meant			
by the term 'metadata'			
and be able to give			
examples.			
Understand the effect			
of colour depth and			
resolution on the size			
of an image file.			
Know why data is			
often compressed for			
transfer and storage.			
Understand the			
difference between			
lossy and lossless			
compression.			
Know why some			
types of data are only			
suitable for one type			
of compression.			
Know why data is			
often compressed for			
transfer and storage.			
Understand the			
difference between			
dilierence between			

	lossy and lossless compression. • Know why some types of data are only suitable for one type of compression.					
Python programmin g introduction	 Understand how ararys & lists are used in programming. Understand how subroutines, procedures & functions are used in programming. 	Pupils continue to build on core python coding skills.	Pupils build on core python programming & coding skills already covered in year 8 IT, & transition workbook activities.	A combination of tutorial video, and google slides based resources are used, together with demonstrations outlining core coding concepts.	Pupils complete a range of different coding challenges, covering core concepts.	Additional support to be provided where required for both SEND & PP pupils to help access resources
Sum 1 (1.3) Networks	Know what is meant by 'stand-alone' computers.Know the different types of networks: LAN and WAN. Understand the advantages of networking. Understand the implications of networking. Understand how to program. Know what factors affect the performance of networks. Know what a client-server model is. Know what a peer-to-peer model is. Understand the different roles computers have in each model. Know the hardware needed to connect a LAN. Understand the purpose of each piece of hardware.	Pupils learn key concepts of networks, including LAN/WAN, advantages, performance factors, roles/client server/peer-peer, hardware required, DNS, & hosting.	Pupils to continue to use the Google Classroom teaching resources for this topic. Theory topics are introduced during each lesson through video based resources, supported by google slide presentations. Pupils use flip learning & cornell note taking methods to complete a series of online workbook based tasks. All resources are accessible at home, and are supported through 'CraignDave' Smart Revise platform of self quizzing.	A combination of visual & google classroom based resources are used, and all are delivered to pupils in lesson time. Pupils can access all resources, and SmartRevise revision platform is used throughout. Key questions: What are the characteristics of LANs and WANs? What can affect the performance of a network? What are the differences between peer-to-peer and client-server networks? How do you set up a LAN?	Smart Revise assessment evidence is used to track progress from start to end of topic. End of topic written test is also completed.	Additional support to be provided where required for both END & PP pupils to help access resources.

	Python programmin g TIME approach introduction	 Understand what The Internet actually is. Understand the term DNS (Domain Name Server). Understand what is meant by the term, 'hosting'. Understand what is meant by the term, 'cloud'. Understand what is meant by the terms 'web server' and 'client'. Understand how to adopt the Try, Investigate, Make, Evaluate (TIME) approach to developing Python programming skills. Understand how to write structured programs, including functions, sub routines, and parameter passing. 	Pupils to continue to build on core programming skills, and start to develop the TIME approach to coding. Try, Investigate, Make, and Evaluate activities through structured workbook tasks.	Pupils use TIME programming activities to continue to build on core skills & knowledge already delivered. Pupils have 11 workbooks to progress through, beginning with introduction to TIME, then workbook 1 - writing structured programs.	A combination of tutorial video, and google slides based resources are used, together with demonstrations outlining core coding concepts.	Pupils complete a range of different coding challenges, covering core concepts. Pupils to progress through Make activities in workbooks, achieving point scored solutions based on complexity of each challenge completed.	Additional support to be provided where required for both SEND & PP pupils to help access resources
Sum 2	(1.3) Networks - cont.	Know what a star network is. Know what a mesh network is. Understand The Internet is an example of a partial mesh network. Know the advantages and disadvantages of star and mesh networks. Understand that Ethernet is a wired method of connection. Understand that Wi-Fi and Bluetooth and wireless method of connection.	Pupils continue to learn key concepts of networks, including network topologies, methods of connection, basics of cryptography, MAC/IP addressing, differences between IPv4 & IPv6, and common protocols & layers used.	Pupils to continue to use the Google Classroom teaching resources for this topic. Theory topics are introduced during each lesson through video based resources, supported by google slide presentations. Pupils use flip learning & cornell note taking methods to complete a series of online workbook based tasks. All resources are accessible at home, and are supported through 'CraignDave' Smart Revise platform of self quizzing.	A combination of visual & google classroom based resources are used, and all are delivered to pupils in lesson time. Pupils can access all resources, and SmartRevise revision platform is used throughout. Key Questions: How does The Internet work? Why is a mesh network better than a star network? Which is better, a wired or wireless network?	Smart Revise assessment evidence is used to track progress from start to end of topic. End of topic written test is also completed.	Additional support to be provided where required for both SEND & PP pupils to help access resources.



		•	Understand the			•	What is the purpose		
			benefits and			1	of encryption?		
1			drawbacks of wired			•	What are the		
1			versus wireless			1	differences between		
1			connections.			1	three types of		
1			Be able to commend			1	network device		
		ľ	a connection type for			1	addresses?		
1			a given scenario.				What are standards		
			Know the basics of			ľ	and protocols?		
			how cryptography can			<u>ا</u>	What are the		
			work with a simple				benefits of layering		
						1	, ,		
			key.			1	protocols?		
1		•	Know how wireless			1			
1			devices authenticate			1			
1			with each other before			1			
1			communicating data.			1			
1		•	Understand the			1			
1			difference between a			1			
1			private key and public			1			
1			keys.			1			
		•	Understand why			1			
			private (master) keys			1			
			are never shared.			1			
		•	Understand the uses			1			
			of MAC and IP			1			
			addressing.			1			
		•	Understand the			1			
			difference between			1			
			IPv4 and IPv6.			1			
		•	Understand the need			1			
1			for IPv6.			1			
		•	Understand the need			1			
1			for standards in			1			
1			computing.			1			
		•	Understand the 7			1			
1			common protocols			1			
1			and what they are			1			
1			used for.			1			
		•	Know why protocols			1			
			are layered.						
_P	ovthon		Understand how to	Pupils to continue to	Pupils use TIME programming	١.		Pupils complete a	Additional support to
	rogrammin	l	adopt the Try,	build on core	activities to continue to build		combination of	range of different	be provided where
	TIME	l	Investigate, Make,	programming skills, and	on core skills & knowledge		itorial video, and	coding challenges,	required for both
	pproach	l	Evaluate (TIME)	start to develop the	already delivered. Pupils have		oogle slides based	covering core	SEND & PP pupils to
	ntroduction	l	approach to	TIME approach to	11 workbooks to progress		esources are used,	concepts.Pupils to	help access
"	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	l	developing Python	coding. Try, Investigate,	through. Workbook 2 - how to		gether with	progress through	resources
		l	programming skills.	Make, and Evaluate	use selection, workbook 3 -		emonstrations	Make activities in	100001000
			Understand how to	activities through	how to use number data types.		utlining core coding	workbooks, achieving	
		آ	use selection.	acarideo anough	non to doc number data types.	CC	oncepts.	point scored solutions	
		$ldsymbol{ldsymbol{ldsymbol{ldsymbol{ldsymbol{L}}}}$	doo ooloolion.					point occion solutions	



	 Understand how to use number data types. 	structured workbook tasks.		based on complexity of each challenge completed.	

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